



Pro Form Products Ltd.
604 McGeachie Drive
Milton, Ontario, L9T 3Y5
Canada
905-878-4990

PRODUCT: PF598C UNIVERSAL HARDENER

SECTION 01: Chemical product and company identification

Manufactured for..... Pro Form Products Ltd.
604 McGeachie Drive
Milton, Ontario L9T3Y5
Tel (905) 878-4990 Fax (905) 878-1189

Product name..... PF598C UNIVERSAL HARDENER

Recommended use and restrictions on use.. Paints. Accelerator and activator.

Chemical family..... Mixture.

NFPA rating..... Health: 2 Fire: 3 Reactivity: 1.

HMIS..... H: 2 F: 3 R: 1.

24 hour emergency number:..... IN CANADA CALL CANUTEC 1-888-226-8832 (CAN-UTEC); IN THE UNITED STATES
CALL CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300. .

SECTION 02: Hazards identification



Signal Word..... DANGER.

Hazard Classification..... Flammable Liquid 2. Aspiration Toxicity 1. Skin Irritant 2. Skin Sensitizer 1. Eye Irritant 2A. Acute Toxicity (Inhalation) — 4. Respiratory Sensitizer 1. Specific Target Organ Toxicity — Single Exposure — 3. (respiratory system). Carcinogenicity — 2. Reproductive 2.

Hazard Description..... H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H351 This product contains ingredients that are suspected of causing cancer. H361 This product contains ingredients that are suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Prevention..... P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle this product until all safety instructions have been read and understood. P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed. P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion proof equipment. P242 Use only non-sparking tools. P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P261 Avoid breathing mists, vapours and sprays. P264 Wash thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area. P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection. P284 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Response P370 + P378 In case of fire - use dry chemical powder, CO2 or foam to extinguish. P303 + P361 + P353 If on skin or in hair: take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Rinse thoroughly with water and use safety shower . P302 + P352 - If on skin: wash with plenty of water. . P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs, get medical advice/attention. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P305 + P351 + P338 If in eyes rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing until medical help arrives. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists get medical attention. P304 + P340 - If inhaled remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms; call poison center or doctor. P301 + P310 If swallowed IMMEDIATELY CALL A POISON CONTROL CENTRE and follow instructions provided by the centre. P331 Do NOT induce vomiting. P308 + P313 If exposed or concerned, get medical advice/attention. P321 - For specific treatment see section 4 on this SDS.

Storage..... P405 Store locked up. P235 Keep cool. P403 + P233 Store in a well ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal..... P501 Dispose all unused, waste or empty containers in accordance with local regulations.

Note This product mixture has been classified based on its ingredients.

PRODUCT: PF598C UNIVERSAL HARDENER**SECTION 03: Composition/Information on Ingredients**

| HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS | CAS # | WT. % |
|---|------------|-------|
| tert-Butyl acetate | 540-88-5 | 10-20 |
| Homopolymer of HDI | 28182-81-2 | 10-20 |
| Homopolymer of IPDI | 53880-05-0 | 10-20 |
| N-Butyl Acetate | 123-86-4 | 10-20 |
| Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate | 763-69-9 | 5-10 |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | 108-10-1 | 5-10 |
| n-Amyl acetate | 628-63-7 | 5-10 |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone | 78-93-3 | 3-7 |
| Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatics | 64742-95-6 | 1-5 |
| Propylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether Acetate | 108-65-6 | 1-5 |
| Diisobutyl Ketone | 108-83-8 | 0.5-5 |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | 108-67-8 | 0.5-5 |
| Propyl Benzene | 103-65-1 | 0.5-5 |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 95-63-6 | 0.5-5 |
| Xylene | 1330-20-7 | 0.1-1 |
| Cumene | 98-82-8 | 0.1-1 |
| Isophorone Diisocyanate | 4098-71-9 | <0.5 |
| Hexamethylene Diisocyanate | 822-06-0 | < 0.2 |

SECTION 04: First aid measures

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| Eye contact..... | Check for and remove any contact lenses, if safe and easy to do so. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes, keeping eyelids open, with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a physician if irritation continues. |
| Skin contact..... | Immediately remove all contaminated clothing; flush skin with water for at least 15 minutes. Wash clothing before reuse. If irritation persists, seek medical attention. |
| Inhalation..... | If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen, obtain medical attention. |
| Ingestion..... | Rinse mouth with water. Give 1 to 2 glasses of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. If spontaneous vomiting occurs have victim lean forward with head down to prevent aspiration of fluid into the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. The main hazard from ingestion is aspiration of the liquid into the lungs. |
| Most important symptoms and effects, whether acute or delayed | Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. Can cause skin sensitization. Causes skin and eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. This product contains ingredients that are suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. This product contains ingredients that may cause cancer. |
| Additional information..... | Treat victims symptomatically. Eye: stain for evidence of corneal injury. If cornea is burned, instill antibiotic steroid preparation frequently. Workplace vapours have produced reversible corneal epithelial edema impairing vision. Skin: this compound is a known skin sensitizer. Treat symptomatically as for contact dermatitis or thermal burns. If burned, treat as thermal burn. Respiratory: this compound is a known pulmonary sensitizer. Treatment is essentially symptomatic. An individual having a skin or pulmonary sensitization reaction to this material should be removed from exposure to any isocyanate. Ingestion: treat symptomatically. There is no specific antidote. Inducing vomiting is contraindicated because of the irritating nature of this compound. In all cases, if irritation persists seek medical attention. In the event of an incident involving this product ensure that medical authorities are provided a copy of this safety data sheet. |

SECTION 05: Fire fighting measures

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|---|---|
| Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media | Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide. Foam. In cases of larger fires, water spray should be used. Do not use water in a jet. |
| Special fire fighting procedures..... | Firefighter should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing to protect against potentially toxic and irritating fumes. Solvent vapours may be heavier than air and may build up and travel along the ground to an ignition source, which may result in a flash back to the source of the vapours. Cool fire-exposed containers with cold water spray. Heat will cause pressure buildup and may cause explosive rupture. During a fire, isocyanate vapours and other irritating, highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. |

PRODUCT: PF598C UNIVERSAL HARDENER**SECTION 05: Fire fighting measures**

Hazardous combustion products..... Oxides of carbon (CO, CO₂). Oxides of nitrogen. Hydrogen cyanide. Isocyanates. Isocyanic acid. Dense black smoke. Other potentially toxic fumes.

SECTION 06: Accidental release measures

Leak/spill..... Isolate area and keep unauthorized people away. Do not walk through spilled material. Wear recommended protective equipment. Ventilate. Open windows and doors to allow air circulation. Dike area to prevent spreading. The use of absorbent socks or spill pillows may be required. Stop leak if safe to do so. Prevent runoff into drains, sewers, and other waterways.

Major spills..... If temporary control of isocyanate vapour is required, a blanket of protein foam may be placed over spill. If transportation spill occurs in United States, call Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300. If transportation spill occurs in Canada, call Canutec at (613) 996-6666. Large quantities may be pumped into closed, but not sealed, containers for disposal.

Minor spills..... Cover spill area with suitable absorbent material (e.g., sand, earth, sawdust, vermiculite, Oil-Dri, Kitty Litter, etc.). Saturate absorbent material with neutralizing solution. Recommended portion is ten parts neutralizing solution to one part spilled material. Suggested neutralization solution: 90% water + 5% concentrated ammonia + 5% detergent (dish soap). Add an additional layer of absorbent material. Use shovel to move absorbent material around to ensure that all spilled material comes in contact with the neutralizing solution. Shovel all absorbed material, including absorbent socks or spill pillows, into an appropriate salvage drum. Add further amounts of neutralizing solution. Allow to stand (covered loosely) for 48 to 72 hours, to allow any gases to escape.

Clean up..... Decontaminate spill area with decontamination solution. Area can then be washed with soap and water.

SECTION 07: Handling and storage

Handling procedures..... Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Always adopt precautionary measures against build-up of static which may arise from appliances, handling and the containers in which product is packed. Ground handling equipment. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid breathing vapours or mist. Use adequate ventilation. Wear respiratory protection if material is heated, sprayed, used in confined space, or if exposure limit is exceeded. Keep container closed when not in use. Handle and open container with care. Do not reseal if contamination is suspected. Employees should wash hands and face before eating or drinking.

Storage needs..... Store in a cool, dry and well ventilated area. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flames. Store in tightly closed containers to prevent moisture contamination. Do not store above 50 deg C.

SECTION 08: Exposure controls / personal protection

| INGREDIENTS | ACGIH TLV | | OSHA PEL | | NIOSH |
|---|---------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|
| | TWA | STEL | PEL | STEL | |
| tert-Butyl acetate | 200 ppm | Not established | 200 ppm | Not established | 200 ppm |
| Homopolymer of HDI | 5 mg/m ³ | Not established | 5 mg/m ³ | Not established | 5 mg/m ³ |
| Homopolymer of IPDI | Not established | Not established | Not established | Not established | Not established |
| N-Butyl Acetate | 150 ppm | 200 ppm | 150 ppm | 200 ppm | 150 ppm / STEL 200 ppm |
| Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate | Not established | Not established | Not established | Not established | Not established |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | 50 ppm | 75 ppm | 100 ppm | Not established | 50 ppm / STEL 75 ppm |
| n-Amyl acetate | 50 ppm/15 minutes | 100 ppm | 100 ppm | Not established | 100 ppm |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone | 200 ppm | 300 ppm | 200 ppm | Not established | 200 ppm TWA |
| Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatics | Not established | Not established | 500 ppm (2000 mg/m ³) TWA | Not established | 350 mg/m ³ TWA |
| Propylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether Acetate | Not established | Not established | Not established | Not established | Not established |
| Diisobutyl Ketone | 25 ppm | Not established | 50 ppm | Not established | 25 ppm |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | Not established | Not established | Not established | Not established | 25 ppm |
| Propyl Benzene | Not established | Not established | Not established | Not established | Not established |

PRODUCT: PF598C UNIVERSAL HARDENER

SECTION 08: Exposure controls / personal protection

| INGREDIENTS | TWA | ACGIH TLV STEL | OSHA PEL STEL | REL | NIOSH |
|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 25 ppm | Not established | Not established | Not established | 25 ppm |
| Xylene | 50 ppm | 150 ppm | 100 ppm TWA | Not established | Not established |
| Cumene | 50 ppm | Not established | 50 ppm TWA | Not established | Not established |
| Isophorone Diisocyanate | 0.005 ppm | Not established | Not established | Not established | 0.005 ppm skin |
| Hexamethylene Diisocyanate | 0.005 ppm | Not established | Not established | Not established | 0.005 ppm |
| Protective equipment | | | | | |
| Respiratory/type..... | Be sure to use NIOSH approved respirator or equipment. Do not exceed the use limits of the respirator. Whenever concentrations of isocyanates exceed the exposure limit or are not known, respiratory protection must be worn. The use of a positive pressure air supplied respirator is mandatory when airborne concentrations are not known or airborne solvent levels are 10 times the appropriate exposure limit or spraying is performed in a confined space or with limited ventilation. | | | | |
| Eye/type..... | Chemical safety goggles and full faceshield if a splash hazard exists. Contact lenses should not be worn when working with this chemical. | | | | |
| Gloves/ type..... | Chemical resistant gloves. Butyl rubber. Neoprene. Nitrile rubber. Practice good hygiene, wash thoroughly before handling any food. | | | | |
| Clothing/type..... | Wear adequate protective clothes. Wear long sleeves and trousers to prevent dermal exposure. | | | | |
| Footwear/type..... | Safety boots per local regulations. | | | | |
| Other/type..... | Eye wash facility and emergency shower should be in close proximity. | | | | |
| Appropriate engineering controls..... | Ventilate adequately. Exhaust air may need to be cleaned by scrubbers or filters to reduce environmental contamination. Vent work area to ensure airborne concentrations are below the current occupational exposure limits. Avoid breathing mists; if general ventilation or local exhaust is inadequate, persons exposed to mists should wear approved breathing devices. | | | | |
| Medical surveillance..... | Medical supervision of all employees who handle or come in contact with isocyanates is recommended. These should include preemployment and periodic medical examinations with pulmonary function test (FEC, FVC as a minimum). Persons with asthmatic-type conditions, chronic bronchitis, other chronic respiratory diseases or recurring skin eczema or sensitization should be excluded from working with isocyanates. Once a person is diagnosed as sensitized to an isocyanate, no further exposure can be permitted. These should include preemployment and periodic medical examinations with pulmonary function test (fev, fvc as a minimum). Persons with asthmatic-type conditions, chronic bronchitis, other chronic respiratory diseases or recurrent skin eczema or sensitization should be excluded from working with isocyanates. Once a person is diagnosed as sensitized to an isocyanate, no further exposure can be permitted. | | | | |
| Monitoring..... | Exposure levels must be monitored by accepted monitoring techniques to ensure that the TLV is not exceeded. | | | | |

SECTION 09: Physical and chemical properties

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| Physical state..... | Liquid. |
| Colour..... | Light yellow. |
| Odour..... | Characteristic odour. Solvent odour. |
| Odour threshold (ppm)..... | Not available. |
| Vapour pressure (mm Hg)..... | Not available. |
| Vapour density (air=1)..... | No data. |
| pH..... | No data. |
| Relative Density (Specific Gravity)..... | 8.36 lbs/USG; 1.002. |
| Melting / Freezing point (deg C)..... | Not Available. |
| Solubility..... | Negligible. Reacts slowly with water to liberate CO2 gas. |
| Initial boiling point / boiling range (deg C)..... | No data. |
| Evaporation rate..... | Not available. |
| Flash point (deg C), method..... | -9. (estimate; lowest flash point ingredient). |
| Auto ignition temperature (deg C)..... | No Data. |
| Upper flammable limit (% vol)..... | 11.5. |
| Lower flammable limit (% vol)..... | 1.0. |
| Coefficient of water/oil distribution..... | Not available. |
| % Volatile by volume..... | 48.16. |
| VOC..... | 2.0 lbs/gal - 243.3 g/L. |
| Viscosity..... | 15.4 sec Zahn #2. |

PRODUCT: PF598C UNIVERSAL HARDENER**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

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|---|---|
| Chemical stability..... | Stable at normal temperatures and pressures. |
| Reactivity | Avoid heat, sparks and flames. Contact with moisture and other materials will react with isocyanates. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions..... | Contact with moisture, other materials that react with isocyanates, or temperatures above 177C, may cause polymerization. |
| Conditions to avoid..... | Water, amines, strong bases, alcohols. Copper alloys. Nitrates. Oxidizing agents. |
| Hazardous decomposition products..... | See hazardous combustion products section 5. |

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| INGREDIENTS | LC50 | LD50 |
|---|--|--|
| tert-Butyl acetate | >2,230 mg/m ³ 4 hours rat | 4,100 mg/kg rat oral >2,000 mg/kg rabbit dermal |
| Homopolymer of HDI | 390-453 mg/m ³ rat 4 hours | > 5,000 mg/kg rat oral; > 5,000 mg/kg rabbit dermal |
| Homopolymer of IPDI | Not Available | Not Available |
| N-Butyl Acetate | >29.2 mg/L 4 hour rat >23.4 mg/L aerosol 4 hour rat | >3200 mg/kg rat oral >5000 mg/kg rabbit dermal |
| Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate | >998 ppm 6 hours | 4,309 mg/kg rat oral 4,080 mg/kg rabbit dermal |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | 8.2 - 16.4 mg/L 4 hours rat | 2080 mg/kg rat oral >16,000 mg/kg rabbit dermal |
| n-Amyl acetate | >976 ppm 4 hours rat | 6500 mg/kg rat oral 8359 mg/kg rabbit dermal |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone | >5,000 ppm (6 hours, rat) 11000 ppm (45 minutes, mouse) | 3,400 mg/kg (rat, oral) >8000 mg/kg (rabbit, dermal) 670 mg/kg (mouse, oral) |
| Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatics | 5.2 mg/L 4 hours, rat 3400 ppm 4 hours, rat | >5,000 mg/kg rat oral >2,000 mg/kg rabbit dermal |
| Propylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether Acetate | Not Available | 8,532 mg/kg (rat oral) >5,000 mg/kg (rabbit dermal) |
| Diisobutyl Ketone | >2,300 ppm 4 hours | 5,285 mg/kg rat oral >2,000 mg/kg rat dermal |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | Not Available | Not Available |
| Propyl Benzene | Not Available | 6,040 mg/kg rat oral |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | >2,000 ppm 48 hours rat | 3,280 mg/kg rat oral |
| Xylene | 6350 ppm 4 hours rat | >3523 mg/kg rat oral |
| Cumene | No Data | 50 PPM, SKIN |
| Isophorone Diisocyanate | 123 mg/m ³ 4 hours rat | >1,000 mg/kg rat oral 1,060 mg/kg rat dermal |
| Hexamethylene Diisocyanate | 22 ppm 4 hours rat | 738 mg/kg rat oral 593 mg/kg rabbit dermal |
| Route of exposure..... | Eye contact. Skin contact. Inhalation. Skin absorption. | |
| Effects of acute exposure..... | Irritating to eyes, skin and respiratory system. May be harmful if absorbed through the skin. Can result in irritation in the digestive tract. Aspiration of liquid into lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis. Symptoms can include sore throat, abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. | |
| Effects of chronic exposure..... | Reports have associated repeated or prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Prolonged or repeated exposure may lead to liver, kidney or central nervous system symptoms. Repeated or prolonged contact with eyes may cause conjunctivitis. As a result of previous repeated overexposure or a single large dose, certain individuals develop sensitization which will cause them to react to a later exposure to product at levels well below the exposure limit. Sensitization can be permanent. | |
| Skin absorption..... | May be harmful if absorbed through the skin. | |
| Sensitizing capability of material..... | Isocyanates are known to cause skin and respiratory sensitization in humans. Animal tests have indicated that respiratory sensitization can result from skin contact with diisocyanates. | |
| Carcinogenicity of material..... | Methyl Isobutyl Ketone is possibly carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 2B). Solvent Naphtha is classified as a possible carcinogen. Cumene is listed by IARC in Group 2B as a possible carcinogen. . | |

PRODUCT: PF598C UNIVERSAL HARDENER**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Reproductive effects..... Methyl isobutyl ketone passes through the placental barrier. High level exposure to Xylene in some animal studies have been reported to cause health effects on the developing embryo/fetus. The relevance of this to humans is not known. In one study, Methyl Ethyl Ketone has been found to cause embryol toxicity in large concentrations.

Mutagenicity..... The data do not allow for an adequate assessment of the mutagenic effect.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Environmental..... Do not allow to enter waters, waste water or soil.

Persistence and degradability..... Not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste disposal..... Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable Federal, Provincial/State and local regulations. Empty containers must be handled with care due to product residue.

SECTION 14: Transport information

TDG Classification..... UN1263 - PAINT RELATED MATERIAL - Class 3 - Packing Group II - This product meets the Limited Quantity exemption when packaged in containers less than 5 liters.

DOT Classification (Road)..... UN1263 - PAINT RELATED MATERIAL - Class 3 - Packing Group II - Ltd Qty (1 litre). Refer to 49CFR 172.101 for additional non-bulk packaging requirements.

IATA Classification (Air)..... UN1263 - PAINT RELATED MATERIAL - Class 3 - Packing Group II. Limited Quantity. Do not ship by air without checking appropriate IATA regulations.

IMDG Classification (Marine)..... UN1263 - PAINT RELATED MATERIAL - Class 3 - Packing Group II - EmS: F-E S-E. Limited Quantity. Check IMDG regulations for limited quantity exemptions.

Marine Pollutant..... Potential marine pollutant.

Proof of Classification..... In accordance with Part 2.2.1 of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations (July 2, 2014) - we certify that classification of this product is correct. .

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

CEPA status..... On Domestic Substances List (DSL).

TSCA inventory status..... All components are listed.

OSHA..... This product is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

SARA Title III
Section 302 - extremely hazardous Isophorone Diisocyanate.

Section 311/312 - hazard categories..... Immediate health, delayed health, fire hazard.

Section 313..... 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene. Methyl Isobutyl Ketone.

EPA hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) Cumene. Hexamethylene diisocyanate. Methyl Isobutyl Ketone. Xylene.
40CFR63

California Proposition 65..... *WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. *WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

SECTION 16: Other information

Prepared by: REGULATORY AFFAIRS. Trivalent Data Systems Ltd. www.trivalent.com.
Telephone number:..... (800) 387-7981.

Disclaimer:..... DISCLAIMER: All information appearing herein is based upon data obtained from experience and recognized technical sources. To the best of our knowledge, it is believed to be correct as of the date of issue but we make no representations as to its accuracy or sufficiency and do not suggest or guarantee that any hazards listed herein are the only ones which exist. The hazard information contained herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to his own investigation and verification of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition. The information relates only to the product designated herein, and does not relate to its use in combination with any other material or in any other process.

Preparation date: DEC 12/2017